REQUEST FOR RETURN OF COPYRIGHT DEPOSITS

	Dated at WASHINGTON D C		
	Contraction of the second	September 2	36, 1922
Register of Copyrights, Library of Congress, Washington, D. C.			SEP 27 '22
Dear Sir:			
The undersigned claimand deposited in the Copyright Off tection, requests the return to 60 of the Act of March 4, 1909,	fice and duly report the property of the prope	gistered for cop	yright pro-
Ford Educational Library Agricu	lture entit	led. "Ma	ple Sugar"
deposited in the Copyright Officunder Class XXc., No CLM		ar	nd registered
If this request can be	granted you are		
the said copy or copies to me at			
Ford Motor Company, 451 Penna A			
at		9	······
July, 1920-500 Received the above:	Signed	Chief Clerk, Washington Bran	of Copyright)

9'Control Returned
SEP 29 1922
Lativarda to person

FORD MOTOR COMPANY Chief Clerk, Washington Branch.

AGRICULTURE

OCIM 21890

Release No. 21.

MAIN TITLE:

"MAPLE SUGAR"

SEP 27 '22

Produced and Distributed by Ford Metion Picture Laboratories / Copyrighted 1922 by Ford Meter Company. /

SUB-TITLES:

- Maple sugar and syrup are made by boiling the sweet sap from the maple tree. The sugar maple is most commonly used. The Indians taught us how to make maple sugar from this tree.
- 2. Mest of the maple syrup and sugar comes from the following states:-

(Animated Map of Six States)

- 3. We are at the "sugar bush". The maple sap begins to flow on the first bright spring days.
- 4. This is the old fashioned method of tapping a maple tree.
- 5. Inserting the elderwood spile or spout.
- 6. Drop by drop the wooden pail fills slowly with the sweet sap.
- 7. This boy likes to test the sap.
- 8. The old way of collecting the sap.
- 9. The buckets are carried on a shoulder yoke.
- 10. A fire is built under the sugar kettle and the sap is boiled.
- 11. It requires five gallons of sap to make one pound of sugar. The boiling goes on day and night.
- 12. A piece of greasy pork keeps the sap from boiling over.
- 13. This is the modern method of tapping the maple tree. The pails have lids to keep out the dirt.
- 14. Collecting the sap.
- 15. Some days it is cold and the snow is deep enough for snowshoes.
- 16. Hauling sap to the sugar house.

- The same of the sa
- 17. In this sugar camp the sap is piped from the trees to the sugar house.
- 18. In the modern sugar camp this evaporator changes 350 gallsons of sap into syrup in one hour.
- 19. The sap trickles in at once end and the pure syrup comes out. The impurities are skimmed off.

- 20. The syrup is strained
- 21. The syrup is bottled.
- 22. Maple syrup in tin cans is the most convenient way of shipping it to market.
- 23. If the syrup is boiled, sugar results. This sugar is remelted, strained and beaten to make it lighter in color.
- 24. The sugar is at last molded into small cakes.

THE END.

At the land

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